

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CHARLES CHATMAN,

Petitioner,

v.

D. L. RUNNELS,

Respondent.

No. C 05-2944 MMC (PR)

**ORDER OF DISMISSAL**

On July 19, 2005, petitioner, a California prisoner proceeding pro se, filed the above-titled petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, seeking expungement of infractions placed in his record while he was incarcerated in the San Mateo County Jail, and alleging the subject infractions caused his classification score in the state prison system to increase by sixteen points.

The petition did not allege, however, that the infractions had any impact on the fact or duration of petitioner's sentence, such as by causing him to lose time credits. See Docken v. Chase, 393 F.3d 1024, 1026 (9th Cir. 2004) (holding challenges implicating fact or duration of confinement must be brought by way of habeas petition); Ramirez, 334 F.3d at 859 (holding "habeas jurisdiction is absent, and a § 1983 action proper, where a successful challenge to a prison condition will not necessarily shorten the prisoner's sentence"). Consequently, in an order filed October 18, 2005, the Court dismissed the petition and

1 granted petitioner leave to file an amended petition “to allege any impact the challenged  
2 infractions have had on the fact or duration of his confinement, such as the loss of time  
3 credits.” Petitioner was cautioned: “Failure to do so will result in the dismissal of this action  
4 without prejudice to petitioner’s bringing the claims in a civil rights complaint pursuant to  
5 42 U.S.C. § 1983.”

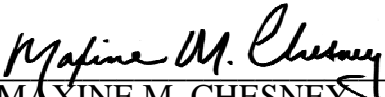
6 On February 6, 2006, petitioner filed a document titled “Civil Complaint 42 U.S.C.  
7 § 1983 Amended Complaint,” in which he reiterates his claims that the infractions are  
8 unlawful, but again fails to allege that he lost time credits or that the duration of his custody  
9 was otherwise affected by the challenged infractions. Filing a civil rights complaint in the  
10 present action was not an option made available to petitioner. Rather, his choices were  
11 either to file an amended petition, if he could allege in good faith that the challenged  
12 infractions affected the fact or duration of his custody, or to file a civil rights complaint in a  
13 new action. As it appears from the allegations in the above-referenced complaint that the  
14 challenged infractions did not result in a loss of time credits or otherwise affect the duration  
15 of petitioner’s custody, the instant action is hereby DISMISSED, without prejudice to  
16 petitioner’s bringing his claims in a civil rights complaint filed in a separate action.

17 Any pending motions are hereby terminated.

18 The Clerk shall close the file.

19 IT IS SO ORDERED.

20 DATED: May 9, 2006

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22 MAXINE M. CHESNEY  
23 United States District Judge  
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